



Rotarian Charity Fund
Investing for good

FAQ

Governance

1. Who makes decisions within the RCF?
The founder of the RCF, Alexandre Wohlwend, makes strategic and operational decisions related to the project.
2. Does the RCF depend on a committee, voting or collegial governance?
No. The RCF is not a democratic or collegial structure. Responsibility and final decision-making are centralized.
3. What happens if the focus of the project changes?
Participants are informed. Each participant is free to continue or end their participation.

Information and communication

4. What information is communicated to participants?
Overall performance, capital growth and fees charged.
5. Are negative periods also communicated?
Yes. Results are communicated without distinction between positive and negative periods.
6. Are trading operations detailed individually?
No. The RCF communicates aggregate results, not details of positions or strategies.

Risk and capital protection

7. Is there a risk of capital loss?
Yes. Capital is exposed to market risk. There is no guarantee.
8. Can capital decrease?
Yes.
9. Is there a maximum protection mechanism against losses?
Yes. There is integrated global protection: in the event of a cumulative loss of -50%, trading activity is automatically blocked to prevent further losses.

Profits, commissions and economic logic

10. How are profits distributed?
*Of the net profits, 30% remains allocated to management and in favor of investors.
The remainder is allocated to the charitable objectives of the RCF.*
11. Why is 30% retained for management and investors?
To ensure the continuity of the model, cover costs and maintain the long-term economic interest of participants.

Commitment and withdrawal

12. Is there a minimum commitment period?
No.
13. Can I freely withdraw from the project?
Yes, in accordance with the operating rules in force at the time of withdrawal.

Relationship with Rotary

14. Does the RCF officially commit Rotary or Rotary clubs?
No. The RCF is an independent project. Any presentation to a club is made on an individual basis.
15. Why is the RCF not a traditional financial product?
Because it combines financial management with a structured charitable purpose, which does not correspond to a standard investment product.